WDR WHISTLE DETECTOR RELAY USER MANUAL

MICRO-AIDE

RAIL SIGNAL PRODUCTS

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WDR WHISTLE DETECTOR RELAY USER MANUAL

The WDR can be used to avoid potential hazards at crossings during lengthy train delays. A whistle blast by the engineer is detected by the WDR and used to reactivate the nearby crossing lights and gate.

Description

This document is intended to provide a detailed description of the use and operation of the MICRO-AIDE WDR Whistle Detector Relay.

The WDR is a unique audio device that allows a train engineer to activate a nearby crossing from a position within the train's cab. A loud blast from the train's whistle is automatically detected by the WDR. If the audio level and duration are sufficient the WDR will operate its internal relay. The relay includes two sets of contacts. Typically one set of contacts is wired to the control circuits of the crossing equipment.

The most common application requiring a WDR involves commuter trains stopped at a station. A lengthy delay of the train at the station may cause a nearby crossing to revert to its idle position (i.e., arms up, lights off). This may result in a potentially unsafe situation when the train is prepared to pull away from the station. However, proper use of the WDR can insure that the crossing will be activated prior to the train's departure.

The WDR is designed to be used in typical railroad environments. Its operating temperature range is -40°C to +72°C. Its rugged aluminum chassis and circuit board construction allow it to withstand harsh environmental conditions. The WDR's internal printed circuit board includes a conformal coating. Its small footprint (4.2" by 4.7") allows it to be mounted in any convenient location.

The WDR can be powered by any source in the range from 8 to 36 Vdc. Its current draw is than 70 mA.

Figure 1 provides a three-sided view of the WDR. The last page of this document lists detailed specifications.

Installation

The WDR can be mounted on a shelf or back board. It may be oriented either horizontally or vertically. Four mounting holes at the base of the unit can be used to secure the WDR.

A detachable connector is used to simplify the wiring procedure. Wire gauges from 12 to 22 AWG may be used. Each conductor is secured by tightening the set screw associated with each connector terminal. The unit's silkscreening provides a clear indication of the connections to be made.

The power source is connected to the terminals labeled "B" and "N". Dual power terminals are provided. The design of the WDR is fully compatible with a switched on/off power source. Consequently, the user may wish to connect the WDR to the power source through the normally open contacts of a relay. If the relay closes its contacts only when a train is present the WDR will be prevented from activating the crossing when a train is not at the station. This method of installation is strictly optional. If properly adjusted, the WDR will not falsely activate the crossing. However, this installation option will provide an additional measure of fail safe operation.

The wire pair from the external speaker or microphone should be connected to the terminals labeled "Mic.". The WDR can be used with any 8 Ohm outdoor speaker or microphone. MICRO-AIDE does not supply a speaker or microphone with the WDR. The wires to the speaker should be twisted and kept to less than 100 ft. in length. It is best not to run the speaker wires alongside any power or high induction cables.

The WDR includes a pair of normally open, normally closed and common relay contacts. The contacts are labeled "N.O.", "N.C." and "Com.", respectively. Both sets of contacts operate simultaneously. The crossing control circuit should be wired to one set of contacts. As an option, the spare set of contacts can be used to control an external lamp, or wired to a data logging device such as a MICRO-AIDE CWR-22xt Event Recorder.

Setup and Operation

The WDR provides adjustable control of its audio sensitivity and detection time settings. The two adjustment controls are labeled "Level Adj." and "Delay Adj.", respectively. Additionally, inside the WDR is a jumper setting that selects either high gain or low gain. The jumper setting is labeled "JP1". If the jumper clip is off (default factory setting), the high gain setting is selected. If the jumper clip is on, the low gain setting is selected. The high gain setting adds 6 dB of gain relative to the low setting.

The WDR can be properly adjusted by using the following procedure. Apply power to the WDR. The green "Power" LED should be illuminated. While the train whistle can be heard adjust the "Level Adj." potentiometer until the "Sound" LED illuminates consistently. The "Sound" LED should turn off immediately after the whistle stops. Rotate the "Delay Adj." potentiometer for the desired detection time. The detection time is measured from the start of the whistle blast to the time the "Relay" LED illuminates. The detection time can be adjusted in the range from approximately .5 to 10 seconds.

Operation of the WDR is fully automatic once the sensitivity level and delay time are selected. No further adjustments or servicing is required.

Maintenance and Trouble-shooting

The WDR is designed to be completely maintenance free. It contains no consumable materials or serviceable components. There are no fuses or other replaceable parts internal to the unit.

The WDR is not prone to drift or stability problems. Consequently, it will not require periodic adjustments after its initial setup. However, the external speaker or microphone may over time lose some efficiency. For this reason, MICRO-AIDE recommends that the operation of each WDR installation be inspected at least once a year.

All rail signal products manufactured by MICRO-AIDE are protected by a five-year limited warranty. Telephone numbers and a shipping address are listed below.

MICRO-AIDE CORPORATION

685 Arrow Grand Circle Covina, CA 91722

Tel: 626-915-5502 Fax: 626-331-9484

E-mail: support@micro-aide.com

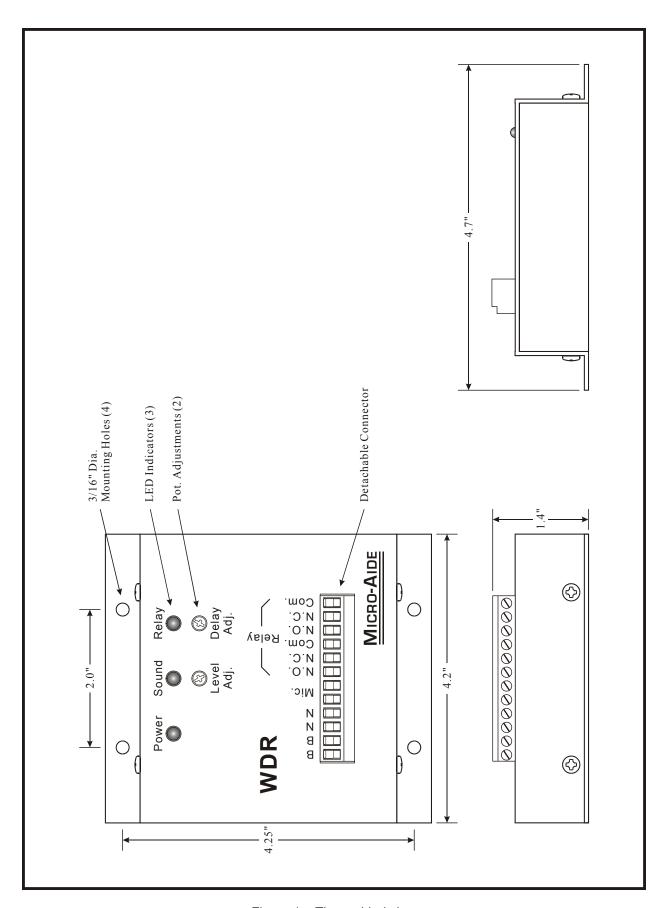


Figure 1 – Three-sided view

WDR

WHISTLE DETECTOR RELAY SPECIFICATIONS

Physical

Size

Length: 4.7" Width: 4.2" Height: 1.4"

Weight

Less than 8 oz.

Environmental

Storage

Temperature: -40°C to 85°C Humidity: 0% to 95%, non-condensing

Operating

Temperature: -40°C to 72°C Humidity: 0% to 95%, non-condensing

Mounting

Can be secured to any flat surface

Cover includes mounting holes

Construction

Chassis

Fully enclosed, anodized aluminum

Electrical

Components mounted on internal PCB

Power

Voltage

8 to 36 Vdc

Current

70 mA maximum

Isolation

Relay Contacts

Minimum 3000 Vdc to all other points

MIC Inputs

Minimum 1500 Vdc to all other points

MIC Input

Transformer coupled, designed for 8 Ohm source impedance

Microphone or outdoor speaker can be used as the input source

Audio Sensitivity

Minimum 250 mVrms at MIC inputs, with maximum gain setting

Frequency Range

60 to 1000 Hz

Not frequency discriminatory

Detection Time

Adjustable from .5 to 10 seconds

Connector

Detachable, screw-down with 12 terminals, 12 to 22 AWG **Terminals 1 & 2**: B, battery

positive

Terminals 3 & 4: N, battery negative

Terminals 5 & 6: microphone
Terminals 7 & 10: normally
open relay contact

Terminals 8 & 11: normally closed relay contact

Terminals 9 & 12: relay common

LED Indicators

Power: green Sound: green Relay: green

Controls

External

Potentiometer for adjusting audio level, single turn

Potentiometer for adjusting detection time, single turn

Internal

Jumper for setting audio gain, 26 dB (low) or 32 dB (high)

Output Relay Operation

Operates when audio level and duration exceed their respective limit values

Type

Non-latching mechanical, dual SPDT contacts

Contacts

Rated Load: 1 A at 24 Vdc, .5 A at 125 Vac

Minimum Load: 1 mA at 5 Vdc

Maximum Operating Voltage: 60 Vdc, 125 Vac

Maximum Switching Capacity: 62.5 VA, 30 W

Service Life: 5 million mechanical (minimum), 1 million electrical (typical)